## ALECSEI KURGVEL

According to information in ALECSEI KURGVEL is one of many nationalist Estonian officers who believed that through wartime collaboration with the Germans they could best work toward Estonian independence and combat Estonia's arch-enemy, the Soviet Union. In July, 1940, when Soviet troops began occupying Estonia, he fled to Germany, with German assistance, and from June, 1941, until late in 1943 worked in Helsinki for the Abwehr. He trained Russians and Estonians as agents, made codes and ciphers and collected information. During this period he was several times invited to join the Wehrmacht, he states, and to be naturalized, but he always refused.

In 1944 KURGVEL returned to Estonia and became the LO
between the Estonian Homeguard and the OKW and also the LO between
the Estonian SS Legion and the Wehrmacht. Later he became associated
with a German Naval Intelligence Officer, Kory. Capt. Peter Ernst
Georg NEUMANN, who was working out of Rigs, Latvis. KURGVEL acted
as W/T Specialist for NEUMANN and trained agents to be dropped in
Estonia and Latvia. Several groups appear to have been
sent in, some by boat and some by plane. As one of the projects, in
April, 1945, 15 men were chosen for a special mission. These men had
already been provided by KURGVEL, without the knowledge of NEUMANN,
with double codes and ciphers and told that he, KURGVEL, might join
the British to "carry on the fight against the Russians". The second of the projects of the British to "carry on the fight against the Russians".

gated him in very great detail on his Abwehr activities and then interned him. It appears that he was soon released, was rejoined by his family and has been residing ever since in Lingen/EMS,

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY 1364-14 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY 6 OURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 382B NAZIWAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT DATE 2006 British Zone.

Two items are to ce added: 1) In spite of the fact that KURGVEL's wartime activities were known to the British and that even now he is within British territory, and they attempt to enlist his services for intelligence work; 2) No Estonian sources available to this organization have ever included KURGVEL in lists of prominent pro-Allied Estonian Intelligence personalities residing abrosd.

Late in 1948 and in March, 1949, he offered his services, and those of KURGVEL, for agent operations in the Baltic, but both Karlsruhe and FBM felt that NEUMANN is insecure and probably known to the Soviet authorities. The state of the two KURGVEL would carry the brunt of the work.

The transfer of the second of the contract of the second o